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## **PRECAUTIONS**

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

Caution

Observe the following precautions when disassembling and servicing drive shaft.

- Perform work in a location which is as dust-free as possible.
- Before disassembling and servicing, clean the outside of parts.
- Prevention of the entry of foreign objects must be taken into account during disassembly of the service location.
- Disassembled parts must be carefully reassembled in the correct order. If work is interrupted, a clean cover must be placed over parts.
- Paper shop cloths must be used. Fabric shop cloths must not be used because of the danger of lint adhering to parts.
- Disassembled parts (except for rubber parts) should be cleaned with kerosene which shall be removed by blowing with air or wiping with paper shop cloths.

## **PREPARATION**

#### **PREPARATION** PFP:00002

# **Special Service Tools**

NDS0005I

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
ST3322 0000 ( — ) Drift a: 37 mm (1.46 in) dia. b: 31 mm (1.22 in) dia. b: 21 mm (0.83 in) dia.	c a b	<ul> <li>Removing wheel hub</li> <li>Removing wheel bearing outer side inner race</li> <li>Inspection of wheel bearing rotating torque</li> </ul>
ST3325 1000 ( — )	ZZA1046D	Installing wheel hub
Drift		
	ZZA0982D	
ST3530 0000 — ) Drift a: 45 mm (1.77 in) dia. b: 59 mm (2.32 in) dia.	a	<ul> <li>Installing wheel hub</li> <li>Inspection of wheel bearing rotating torque</li> </ul>
XV401 00900 — ) Orift I: 52 mm (2.05 in) dia. I: 39.5 mm (1.555 in) dia.	ZZA0881D	Wheel bearing rotating torque inspection
(V381 00500	ZZA0539D	Installing drive shaft plug
orift : 80 mm (3.15 in) dia. : 60 mm (2.36 in) dia.	a b	
KV381 02200 ( — ) Drift a: 90 mm (3.54 in) dia. b: 31 mm (1.22 in) dia.	2ZA0701D	Installing drive shaft plug

## **PREPARATION**

<b>Commercial Service Tools</b>		NDS0005J
Tool name		Description
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Looesning bolts and nuts

## NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

# NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING **NVH Troubleshooting Chart**

PFP:00003

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Use chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

				1	1	,	1		ì	1	1		,		1	1	- D
			<u>-12</u>		-10		section.	NVH in RFD section.	NVH in RAX and RSU sections.	Refer to REAR AXLE in this chart.	NVH in WT section.	NVH in WT section.	SHAFT in this chart.	NVH in BR section.	section.	С	
Reference page	е		I	RAX-12	l	RAX-10	I	NVH in PR	n RFI	x and	AR A	in WT	In WT		in BR	NVH in PS	RAX
								N	VH.	L KA	RE/	H ∧	H ∧	DRIV	N H	N	
									2	NVH :	Refer to			Refer to DRIVE			Е
										SUSPENSION							F
				o		looseness				AR SUSPI							G
Possible cause	Possible cause and SUSPECTED PARTS		int angle	resistance		stallation, I	rence	R SHAFT	IIAL	: AND RE			且	ե			Н
			Excessive joint angle	Joint sliding resistance	Imbalance	Improper installation, looseness	Parts interference	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	REAR AXLE AND REAR	REAR AXLE	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	DRIVE SHAFT	BRAKES	STEERING	I
	DRIVE	Noise	×	×				×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×	
	SHAFT	Shake	×		×			×		×	×	×	×		×	×	_
						×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	×	=
Symptom						×	×	×		×		×	×	×	×	×	K
- Jp.co	REAR	Vibration				×	×	×		×		×		×		×	_
	AXLE	Shimmy				×	×			×		×	×		×	×	- 1
		Judder				×				×		×	×		×	×	L
		Poor quality ride or handling				×	×			×		×	×				

<sup>×:</sup> Applicable M

WHEEL HUB
PFP:43202

## **On-Vehicle Inspection**

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Make sure the mounting conditions (looseness, back lash) of each component and component status (wear, damage) are normal.

#### WHEEL BEARING INSPECTION

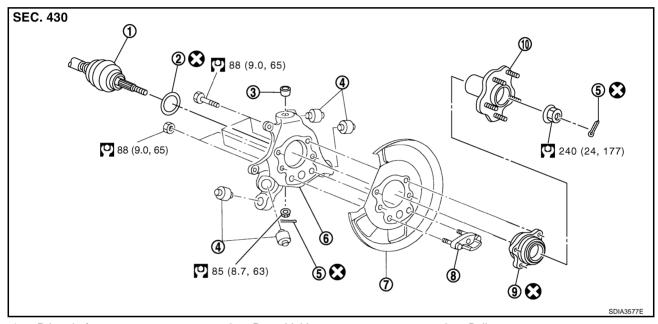
Move wheel hub in the axial direction by hand. Make sure there is no looseness of wheel bearing.

## Axial end play : 0.05 mm (0.002 in) or less

• Rotate wheel hub and make sure there is no unusual noise or other irregular conditions. If there are any irregular conditions, replace wheel bearings.

## Removal and Installation

NDS0005M



- 1. Drive shaft
- 4. Bushing
- Back plate
   Wheel hub

- 2. Dust shield
- 5. Cotter pin
- 8. Anchor block

- 3. Ball seat
- 6. Axle housing
- 9. Wheel bearing

Refer to GI-10, "Components", for the symbols in the figure.

#### **REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- Remove cotter pin. Then remove lock nut from drive shaft.
- 3. Remove brake caliper with power tool. Hang it in a place where it will not interfere with work. Refer to <u>BR-31, "REAR DISC BRAKE"</u>.

#### NOTE:

Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.

- Remove disc rotor and remove parking cable and parking brake shoe from back plate. Refer to <u>PB-6</u>, <u>"PARKING BRAKE CONTROL"</u>, <u>PB-8</u>, <u>"PARKING BRAKE SHOE"</u>.
- Remove fixing bolts and nuts in axle side of radius rod, front lower link with power tool.
- 6. Remove fixing bolt and nut in axle side of rear lower link with power tool. Then remove coil spring. Refer to RSU-15, "REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING".
- Remove fixing bolt and nut in axle side of shock absorber with power tool.
- 8. Using a puller (suitable tool), remove axle from drive shaft.

#### **CAUTION:**

 When removing axle, do not apply an excessive angle to driver shaft joint. Also be careful not to excessively extend slide joint.

## WHEEL HUB

- Do not allow drive shaft to hang down without support for counter shaft, wheel joints, and other parts.
- 9. Remove suspension arm and cotter pin at axle, then loosen mounting nut.
- 10. Use a ball joint remover (suitable tool) to remove suspension arm from axle. Be careful not to damage ball joint boot.

#### **CAUTION:**

Tighten temporarily mounting nut to prevent damage to threads and to prevent ball joint remover (suitable tool) from coming off.

#### **INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL**

#### **Ball Joint Inspection**

 Check for boot breakage, axial looseness, and torque of suspension arm ball joint. Refer to <u>RSU-11</u>, <u>"SUSPENSION ARM"</u>.

#### **INSTALLATION**

• Refer to RAX-6, "Removal and Installation" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.

#### NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

# Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

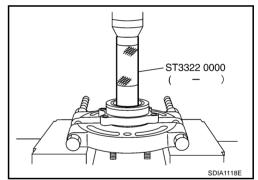
NDS0005N

## Wheel Bearing

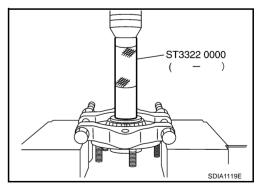
#### **CAUTION:**

Do not disassemble if wheel bearing has no trouble.

- Remove wheel bearing fixing bolts and anchor block fixing nuts, and remove wheel hub and bearing assembly, back plate and anchor block from axle.
- 2. Using a drift (SST) and a puller (suitable tool), press wheel hub out to remove from wheel bearing.



3. Using a drift (SST) and a puller (suitable tool), press wheel bearing outer side inner race out to remove from wheel hub.



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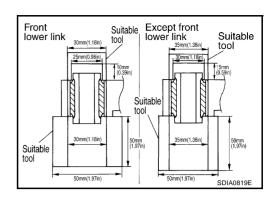
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## **Bushing**

Using a suitable drift, remove each bushing from axle.



## INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Check for deformity, cracks and damage of each parts, replace if necessary.

#### Wheel Hub

• Inspect wheel hub for deformation, cracks, and other damage. If any irregular conditions are found, replace wheel hub.

#### **Axle**

• Inspect axle for deformation, cracks, and other damage. If any irregular conditions are found, replace axle.

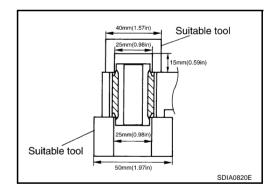
#### **Back Plate**

 Inspect back plate for deformation, cracks, and other damage. If any irregular conditions are found, replace back plate.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

## **Bushing**

Using a suitable drift to install each bushing onto axle.



#### **Wheel Bearing**

1. Press fit a wheel hub into wheel bearing with a drift (SST).

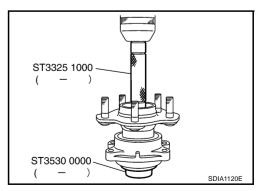
#### **CAUTION:**

- Press fit a drift (SST) while holding it against wheel bearing inner side inner race.
- Wheel bearing cannot be reused. Do not attempt to reuse it.

#### NOTE:

Final press load guideline 49,033 N (5,000 kg, 11,000lb)

- 2. Install back plate and wheel hub and bearing assembly.
- 3. Install anchor block onto axle.



## WHEEL HUB

#### **INSPECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY**

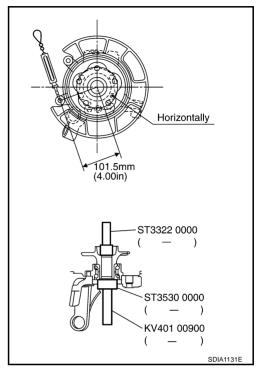
- 1. With wheel bearing pressed into axle housing, apply 49,033 N (5,000kg, 11,000 lb) to wheel hub and rotate both clockwise and counterclockwise 10 times to minimize resistance.
- 2. Attach spring scale in the position shown in illustration and pull at a rate of  $10 \pm 2$  rpm to measure rotating torque.

## **Rotating torque:**

Less than 1.88 N·m (0.19 kg-m, 17 in-lb)

**Spring scale reading:** 

Less than 18.5 N (1.89 kg, 4.16 lb)



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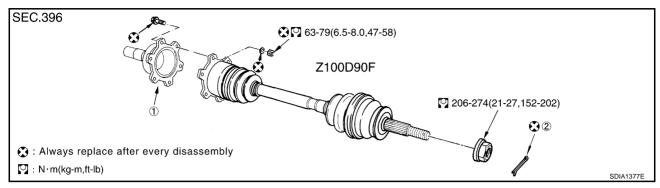
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## REAR DRIVE SHAFT

## Removal and Installation

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PFP:39600



Side flange

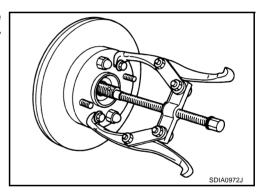
2. Cotter pin

#### **REMOVAL**

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- 2. Remove cotter pin. Then remove lock nut from drive shaft.
- 3. Remove stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket bolt and free stabilizer connecting rod.
- 4. Remove fixing nuts and bolts between side flange and drive shaft with power tool.
- 5. Using a puller (suitable tool), remove drive shaft from axle.

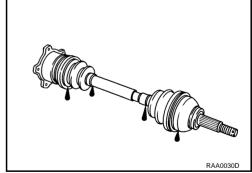
#### **CAUTION:**

 When removing drive shaft, do not apply an excessive angle to drive shaft joint. Also be careful not to excessively extend slide joint.



#### **INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL**

- Move joint up/down, left/right, and in the axial direction. Check for any rough movement or significant looseness.
- Check boot for cracks or other damage, and also for grease leakage.
- If a trouble is found, disassemble drive shaft, and then replace with new one.



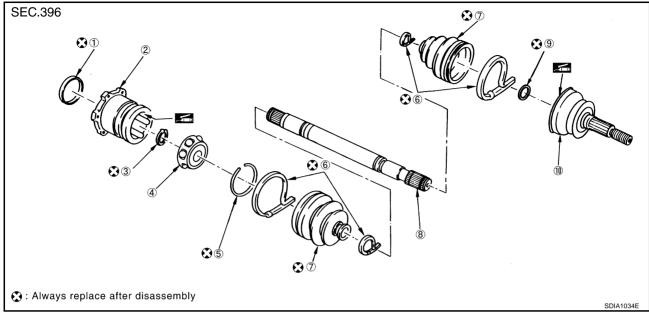
#### **INSTALLATION**

Refer to <u>RAX-10</u>, "<u>Removal and Installation</u>" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

## **Disassembly and Assembly**

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- 1. Plug
- 4. Ball cage/Steel ball/Inner race assembly
- 7. Boot
- 10. Joint sub-assembly

- 2. Housing
- Stopper ring
- 8. Shaft

- 3. Snap ring
- 6. Boot band
- 9. Circular clip

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

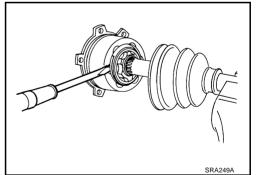
#### **Final Drive Side**

1. Press shaft in a vise.

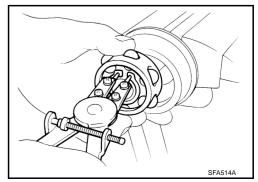
#### CAUTION:

When retaining drive shaft in a vise, always use copper or aluminum plates between vise and shaft.

- 2. Remove boot bands.
- 3. If plug needs to be removed, move boot to wheel side, and drive it out with a plastic hammer.
- 4. Remove stopper ring with a flat-bladed screwdriver, and pull out housing.



- 5. Remove snap ring, then remove ball cage/steel ball/inner race assembly from shaft.
- 6. Remove boot from shaft.
- 7. Remove old grease on housing with paper towels.



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## **Wheel Side**

1. Place shaft in a vise.

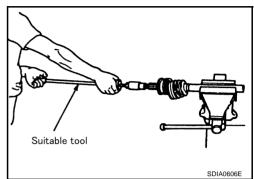
#### **CAUTION:**

When retaining drive shaft in a vise, always use copper or aluminum plates between vise and shaft.

- Remove boot bands. Then remove boot from joint sub-assembly.
- 3. Screw a drive shaft puller 30 mm (1.18 in) or more into threaded part of joint sub-assembly. Pull joint sub-assembly out of shaft.

#### CAUTION:

- If joint sub-assembly cannot be removed after five or more unsuccessful attempts, replace shaft and joint sub assembly as a set.
- Align sliding hammer and drive shaft and remove them by pulling directory.
- 4. Remove boot from shaft.
- 5. Remove circular clip from shaft.
- While rotating ball cage, remove old grease on joint sub-assembly with paper towels.



## **INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY**

#### Shaft

Replace shaft if there is any runout, cracking, or other damage.

## Joint Sub-Assembly

- Make sure there is no rough rotation or unusual axial looseness.
- Make sure there is no foreign material inside joint.
- Check joint sub-assembly for compression scars, cracks, fractures.

#### **CAUTION:**

If there are any irregular conditions of joint sub-assembly components, replace the entire joint sub-assembly.

#### Sliding Joint Side

- Make sure there are compression scars, cracks, factures or unusual wear of ball rolling surface.
- Make sure there is no damage to shaft screws.
- Make sure there is no deformation of boot installation parts.

#### **Ball Cage**

Make sure there are compression scars, cracks, factures of sliding surface.

#### Steel Ball

Make sure there are compression scars, cracks, factures or unusual wear.

#### **Inner Race**

- Check ball sliding surface for compression scars, cracks or fractures.
- Make sure there is no damage to serrated part.

#### **CAUTION:**

If there are any irregular conditions in the component, replace with a new set of housing, ball cage, steel ball and inner race.

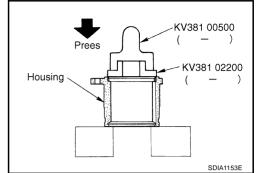
#### **ASSEMBLY**

#### **Final Drive Side**

1. If plug has been removed, use a drift (SST) to press in a new one.

#### NOTE:

Discard old plug; replace with new one.



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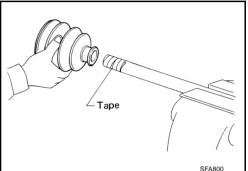
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2. Wind serrated part of shaft with tape. Install boot band and boot to shaft. Be careful not to damage boot.

#### NOTE:

Discard old boot band and boot; replace with new ones.

3. Remove protective tape wound around serrated part of shaft.



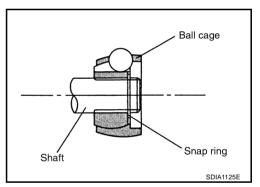
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4. Install ball cage/steel ball/inner race assembly to shaft, and secure them tightly with a snap ring.

#### NOTE:

Discard old snap ring; replace with new ones.

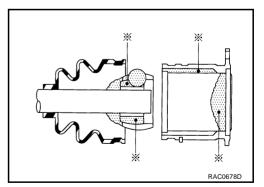


 Insert the amount grease (NISSAN genuine grease or equivalent) onto housing (\* point) to the quantity mentioned below, and install it to shaft.

#### Reference value

Grease amount : 124 - 134 g (4.37 - 4.73 oz)

- 6. Install stopper ring to housing.
- 7. After installed, pull shaft to check engagement between joint sub-assembly and stopper ring.



8. Install boot securely into grooves (indicated by \* marks) shown in the figure.

#### **CAUTION:**

If there is grease on boot mounting surfaces (indicated by\* marks) of shaft and housing, boot may come off. Remove all grease from surfaces.

9. Make sure boot installation length "L" is the length indicated below. Insert a flat-bladed screwdriver or similar tool into smaller side of boot. Bleed air from boot to prevent boot deformation.

#### Standard value

Boot installation Length "L" : 93.9 mm (3.697 in)

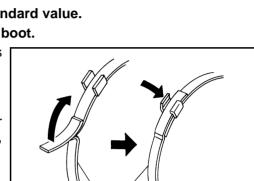
#### **CAUTION:**

- Boot may break if boot installation length is less than standard value.
- Take care not to touch the tip of screw driver to inside of boot.
- 10. Secure big and small ends of boot with new boot bands as shown in the figure.

#### NOTE:

Discard old boot bands; replace with new ones.

11. After installing housing and shaft, rotate boot to check whether or not the actual position is correct. If boot position is not correct, secure boot with new boot band again.

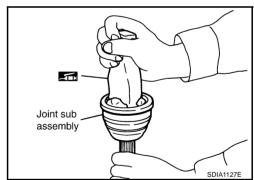


Flat-bladed screwdriver or similar tool

Prevent boot deformation

#### Wheel Side

 Insert the amount grease (NISSAN genuine grease or equivalent) into joint sub-assembly serration hole until grease begins to ooze from ball groove and serration hole. After insert grease, use a shop cloth to wipe off old grease that has oozed out.



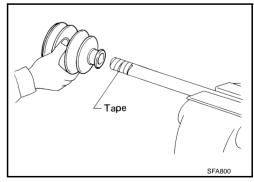
Boot band

2. Wind serrated part of shaft with tape. Install boot band and boot to shaft. Be careful not to damage boot.

#### NOTE:

Discard old boot band and boot; replace with each new one.

3. Remove protective tape wound around serrated part of shaft.



 Attach circular clip to shaft. At this time, circular clip must fit securely into shaft groove. Attach nut to joint sub-assembly. Use a wooden hammer to press-fit.

#### NOTE:

Discard old circular clip; replace with new one.

Insert the amount grease (NISSAN genuine grease or equivalent) listed below into housing from large end of boot.

#### Reference value

Grease amount : 86 - 96 g (3.03 - 3.39 oz)

6. Install boot securely into grooves (indicated by \* marks) shown in the figure.

#### **CAUTION:**

If there is grease on boot mounting surfaces (indicated by \* marks) of shaft and housing, boot may come off. Remove all grease from surfaces.

7. Make sure boot installation length "L" is the length indicated below. Insert a flat-bladed screwdriver or similar tool into smaller side of boot. Bleed air from boot to prevent boot deformation.

#### Standard value

Boot installation length ("L") :97 mm (3.82 in)

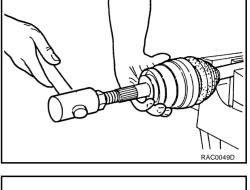
#### **CAUTION:**

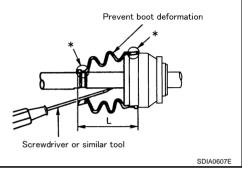
- Boot may brake if boot installation length is less than standard value
- Be careful that screwdriver tip does not contact inside surface of boot.
- 8. Secure big and small ends of boot with new boot bands as shown in the figure.

## NOTE:

Discard old boot bands; replace with new ones.

 After installing joint sub-assembly and shaft, rotate boot to check whether or not the actual position is correct. If boot position is not correct, secure boot with new boot bands again.





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## **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

# **SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)**

PFP:00030

# **Wheel Bearing**

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Axial end play	0.05 mm (0.002 in) or less
Rotating torque	At a load of 49,033 N (5,000 kg, 11,000 lb) Less than 1.88 N·m (0.19 kg-m, 17 in-lb)
Measurement of spring scale	Less than 18.5 N (1.89 kg, 4.16 lb)
Measuring point (Brake caliper installation points)	Hor izontally  SDIA

Drive Shaft

Joint type	Wheel side Final drive side			
Grease quantity	86 - 96 g (3.03 - 3.39 oz)	124 - 134 g (4.37 - 4.73 oz)		
Boots installed length	97 mm (3.82 in)	93.9 mm (3.697 in)		